

2026
(Regular)
Statistics (Core)
Paper Code : ST-CE-4224

Paper Name : Theory of Probability Distributions

Time : 2 hours

Full Marks : 45

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Answer the following questions as directed : 1×4=4
- a) The sum of independent beta variates is also a beta variate.
(State true or false)
 - b) Name a continuous distribution that possesses the 'memory less' property.
 - c) If X is a Bernoulli random variable, find $\text{Var}(X)$.
 - d) If the cumulative distribution function of a continuous random variable x is $F(x)$, find the cumulative distribution function of $y = x + a$.
2. Answer the following questions : 2×3=6
- a) State the p.d.f. of Weibull distribution and the condition under which the Weibull p.d.f. reduces to exponential distribution.
 - b) The distribution function F of a continuous x is given by

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & , x < 0 \\ x^2 & , 0 \leq x \leq \frac{1}{2} \\ 1 - \frac{3(3-x)^2}{25} & , \frac{1}{2} \leq x < 3 \\ 1 & , x \geq 3 \end{cases}$$

Find the p.d.f of x with comments.

Contd...

- c) Under what condition negative binomial distribution may be regarded as the generalization of geometric distribution and how ?

3. Answer **any three** of the following questions : 5×3=15

- a) State the p.d.f of uniform distribution with parameters a and

$$b(a < b). \text{ If } X \sim \cup\left(\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \text{ then find } P(\cos X > \sin X).$$

$$1+4=5$$

- b) Derive the p.m.f. of negative binomial distribution and write down its mean and variance. 4+1=5

- c) Show that hypergeometric distribution tends to binomial distribution under certain conditions.

- d) If $E(X^2) = \sum k^2 p_k$ exists, then prove that

$$E(X^2) = p''(1) + p'(1) = 2Q'(1) + Q(1) \text{ and hence}$$

$$V(X^2) = 2Q'(1) + Q(1) - \{Q(1)\}^2 = p''(1) + p'(1) - \{p'(1)\}^2$$

- e) Let $X \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$ and $Y \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$ be two independent random variables. show that $\frac{X}{Y}$ follows a cauchy distribution.

- f) Show that for a normal distribution with mean μ and variance σ^2 the central moments satisfy the relation

$$\mu_{2n} = \sigma^2 (2n-1) \mu_{2n-2}.$$

4. Answer **any two** of the following questions : 10×2=20

- a) Two random variables x and y have the joint probability density function :

$$P_{xy}(x, y) = \frac{\lambda^x e^{-\lambda} p^y (1-p)^{x-y}}{y! (x-y)!}, \quad \begin{matrix} y = 0, 1, 2, \dots \\ x = 0, 1, 2, \dots \end{matrix}$$

where λ, p are constants with $\lambda > 0$ and $0 < p < 1$.

Find :

- i) The marginal probability density function of X and Y . 5
- ii) The conditional distribution of Y for a given X and X for a given Y . 5
- b) i) Define characteristic function and state its important properties. Also state the uniqueness theorem of characteristic function. 1+3+1=5
- ii) Let $X \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$. Find its cumulative distribution function (cdf). Hence, obtain $P(X > 3)$ and $P(1 < X < 3)$. 3+1+1=5
- c) i) Let (X, Y) be a two-dimensional non-negative continuous random variable having the joint density.

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} 4xye^{-(x^2+y^2)} & ; x \geq 0, y \geq 0 \\ 0 & ; \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Prove that the density function $U = \sqrt{X^2 + Y^2}$ is -

$$h(u) = \begin{cases} 2u^3 e^{-u^2} & ; 0 \leq u < \infty \\ 0 & ; \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad 5$$

- ii) Let $X \sim \text{Beta}(m, n)$ of 1st kind. If $m = 1, n = 1$ then find the pdf of X . 2
- iii) Let $X \sim U(0, 25)$. Find $P(X > 12 / X > 8)$. 3
- d) i) Show that, with usual notations, $V(X) = E[V(X|Y)] + V[E(X|Y)]$. 5
- ii) Define cumulant generating function. Show that $\text{Mean} = k_1 \quad \mu_2 = k_2 \quad \mu_4 = k_3 \quad \mu_6 = k_4 + 3k_2^2$. 5
(notations have their usual meaning)

