

2026
(Regular)
Statistics (Core)
Paper Code : ST-CE-4234
Paper Name : Applied Statistics-I

Time : 2 hours

Full Marks : 45

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Answer the following questions as directed : 1×4=4
- a) If we have the last census population, migration, births and deaths data for a region in a given period, the population at the time 't' can be estimated by the formula (Using usual notations):
- i) $\hat{P}_t = P_0 + (B - D) + (I - E)$
 - ii) $\hat{P}_t = (B - D) + (I - E)$
 - iii) $\hat{P}_t = P_0 \{(B - D) + (I - E)\}$
 - iv) None of the above (Choose the correct option)
- b) A life -table constructed for an age interval of 5 to 10 years is specially known as :
- i) grouped life table
 - ii) interval life table
 - iii) abridged life-table
 - iv) None of the above (Choose the correct option)
- c) What is cost of living index number ?
- d) If $NRR > 1$, the population of country will very likely _____.
(Fill in the blank)

Contd...

2. Answer the following questions : 2×3=6

- a) What is dependency ratio ?
- b) Why IMR is not a probability rate ?
- c) Distinguish between rates and ratios of vital events.

3. Answer **any three** of the following questions : 5×3=15

- a) What is family budget enquiry ? Discuss the construction of cost of living index number by family budget enquiry. 2+3=5
- b) Prove that , (with usual notations)

i) $l_x = \sum_{t=x}^{w-1} d_t$ if $l_w = 0$

ii) $T_x = \frac{1}{2} l_x + \sum_{t=1}^{\infty} l_{x+t}$ 2+3=5

c) Distinguish between GRR and NRR. Show that $NRR \leq GRR$. 3+2=5

d) Describe coverage and content errors in demographic data. 5

e) Write short note on population composition. 5

f) Define force of mortality. Show that $\mu_{x+\frac{1}{2}} = m_x$. 2+3=5

4. Answer **any two** of the following questions : 10×2=20

a) i) Describe various measures of fertility with their merits and demerits. 10

b) i) What are Marshall-Edgeworth, Laspeyre's and Paasche's index numbers ? Prove that Marshall-Edgeworth index number lies between Laspeyres and Paasche indices. 1+1+1+3=6

ii) Explain the chain base and the fixed base method of constructing an index number. 4

c) i) Explain the procedure for standardising death rates. 6

ii) Show that (with usual notations)

$$(A) m_x = \frac{2q_x}{2 - q_x}$$

$$(B) \frac{dL_x}{dx} = -dx \quad 2+2=4$$

d) i) Describe Crude rate of natural increase and Pearle's Vital index.

2+2=4

ii) Show that $GRR = \frac{\text{Number of female births}}{\text{Total number of births}} \times T.F.R.$ 4

iii) Define stationary population. 2

