

2019

ANTHROPOLOGY

(Major)

Paper : 3.2

(Social Anthropology)

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Write whether the following statements are True or False : 1×7=7
- (a) Gifts from the husband's kins to the wife's or the bride's kins are called bride wealth or bride-price.
 - (b) Tertiary kins refer to the primary kins of our secondary kins.
 - (c) In simple societies sanctions are informal in nature.
 - (d) 'Female-father' or 'Amitate' is a kinship usage whereby the father's sister acts as virtually the head of the household and exercises supreme authority over her brother's children.

(2)

(e) When property belongs to the community as a whole and may be used but not owned by any member of the community, it is referred to as 'private property'.

(f) Hypergamy is a marriage rule wherein a man marries a woman of lower status.

(g) In a matrilineal society, authority lies absolutely with the males.

2. Write very short notes on the following : $2 \times 4 = 8$

(a) Double descent

(b) Chiefdom

(c) Private property

(d) Matrilineal family

3. Compare and contrast between any *three* of the following : $5 \times 3 = 15$

(a) Hypergamy and hypogamy

(b) Power and authority

(c) Neolocal residence and natalocal residence

(d) Material and non-material property

(e) Levirate and sororate

4. Discuss about the concept of succession to hereditary offices in patrilineal societies with suitable examples. 10

Or

Define marriage. Discuss about the different forms of polygamous marriages with suitable examples.

5. Discuss about the concept and types of property found in simple societies. 10

Or

What do you understand by marriage related practices? Discuss with suitable examples.

6. Define kinship. Discuss about the different types of kin based groups and their functions. 10

Or

Enumerate the basic characteristics of family and discuss about the different types of families based on residence after marriage.
